

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (Currently Amended) An objective lens for an electron microscopy system with magnetic and electrostatic focusing for inspecting an object positionable in an object plane, comprising:

a pole shoe arrangement for generating a focusing magnetic field, which pole shoe arrangement is substantially rotationally symmetric about an optical axis of the objective lens extending in a z-direction and comprises an inner pole shoe and an outer pole shoe, wherein a pole shoe gap is formed between the inner and outer pole shoes at a lowermost position in the z-direction of the inner pole shoe where the latter has shoe, the pole shoe gap including a gap spacing oriented in the z-direction from between the outer pole shoe and the inner pole shoe;

a coil body disposed in a space between the inner and the outer pole shoes; and

an electrode arrangement for generating a focusing electrostatic field, which electrode arrangement is substantially rotationally symmetric about the optical axis and comprises a beam tube which extends along the optical axis through the inner pole shoe and has a lower end, and a terminal electrode disposed spaced apart from the lower end of the beam tube,

wherein, in a region within at least 3 cm around the pole shoe gap, the following applies:

the inner pole shoe tapers downwards ~~at least sectionally over at least~~
~~a section of the inner pole shoe~~ and has there an inner cone angle β and an outer cone angle χ ~~in respect of~~ with respect to the z-direction,

the outer pole shoe extends conically downwards ~~at least sectionally~~
over at least a section of the outer pole shoe and has there an inner cone angle Δ and an outer cone angle α ~~in respect of~~ with respect to the z-direction, and wherein

the objective lens is configured such that to allow a working distance between the terminal electrode and the object plane is smaller than 2 mm for electrons which pass through the beam tube at energies of about 30 keV, and

wherein the following applies:

$$30^\circ < \alpha < 35^\circ \text{ and } 10^\circ < \Delta - \chi < 14^\circ,$$

wherein

α represents the outer cone angle of the outer pole shoe

Δ represents the inner cone angle of the outer pole shoe and

χ represents the outer cone angle of the inner pole shoe.

2. (Currently Amended) The objective lens according to claim 1, wherein the outer pole shoe is delimited on the outside substantially by a cone surface with a the cone angle α ~~in respect of~~ with respect to the z-direction, wherein the terminal electrode is delimited on the outside substantially by a cone surface with a cone angle α' ~~in respect of~~ with respect to the z-direction, and wherein the terminal

electrode is magnetically coupled ~~without leaving a substantial gap~~ to the outer pole shoe via a gap between the terminal electrode and the outer pole shoe for reducing the magnetic field in the object plane.

3. (Currently Amended) The objective lens according to claim 1, wherein a distance A1-between the lowermost position in the z-direction of the inner pole shoe and the lower end of the beam tube is larger than 9 mm.

4. (Original) The objective lens according to claim 1, wherein the electrostatic field and the magnetic field overlap by less than 5%.

5. (Currently Amended) The objective lens according to claim 1, wherein the beam tube extends through an opening of the outer pole shoe formed by a lowermost region in z-direction of the outer pole shoe and the lower end of the beam tube is disposed spaced apart in the z-direction from the opening of the outer pole shoe.

6. (Original) The objective lens according to claim 1, wherein the lower end of the beam tube comprises an end flange extending radially beyond an outer diameter of the beam tube.

7. (Original) The objective lens according to claim 6, wherein the end flange comprises a transition from a front face to a sheath section, wherein the transition is

rounded in an axial cross-section, a radius of curvature of the rounding being more than 1 mm.

8. (Currently Amended) The objective lens according to claim 1, wherein a distance A2 between the lower end of the beam tube and ~~the~~ a lower end of the terminal electrode is larger than 3 mm.

9. (Original) The objective lens according to claim 1, wherein the terminal electrode tapers conically substantially up to a central opening in the terminal electrode.

10. (Original) The objective lens according to claim 9, wherein an inner diameter of the opening of the terminal electrode corresponds substantially to an inner diameter of the beam tube.

11. (Original) The objective lens according to claim 1, wherein the outer pole shoe tapers downwards.

12. (Currently Amended) The objective lens according to claim 1, wherein ~~the~~ said gap spacing of the pole shoe gap is larger than 3 mm.

13. (Original) The objective lens according to claim 1, wherein the inner pole shoe extends upwards as a cylinder sheath from its lower end over approximately 1 mm to 2 mm and is then conically enlarged.

14. (Currently Amended) The objective lens according to claim 1, wherein the inner pole shoe has an inner diameter of from 6 mm to 8 mm at its lower end.

15. (Currently Amended) An objective lens for an electron microscopy system with magnetic and electrostatic focusing for inspecting an object positionable in an object plane, comprising:

a pole shoe arrangement for generating a focusing magnetic field, which pole shoe arrangement is substantially rotationally symmetric about an optical axis of the objective lens extending in a z-direction and comprises an inner pole shoe and an outer pole shoe, wherein a pole shoe gap is formed between the inner and outer pole shoes at a lowermost position in the z-direction of the inner pole shoe where the latter has shoe, the pole shoe gap including a gap spacing oriented in the z-direction from between the outer pole shoe and the inner pole shoe;

a coil body disposed in a space between the inner and the outer pole shoes; and

an electrode arrangement for generating a focusing electrostatic field, which electrode arrangement is substantially rotationally symmetric about the optical axis and comprises a beam tube which extends along the optical axis through the inner pole shoe and has a lower end, and a terminal electrode disposed spaced apart from the lower end of the beam tube,

wherein the outer pole shoe is delimited on the outside substantially by a cone surface with a cone angle α in respect of respect to the z-direction, wherein the terminal electrode is delimited on the outside substantially by a cone surface with a

~~cone angle α' in respect of respect to the z-direction, and wherein the terminal electrode is magnetically coupled to the outer pole shoe whilst leaving an insubstantial with a gap therebetween, for reducing the magnetic field in the object plane.~~

16. (Currently Amended) The objective lens according to claim 15, wherein the objective lens is provided such that a working distance between the terminal electrode and the object plane is smaller than 2 mm for electrons which pass through the beam tube at energies of about 30 keV.

17. (Currently Amended) The objective lens according to claim 15, wherein ~~a~~ the gap between the terminal electrode and the outer pole shoe is smaller than 0.6 mm, preferably, ~~smaller than 0.2 mm~~ 0.6 mm.

18. (Currently Amended) The objective lens according to claim 15, wherein ~~the surfaces of a region~~ a surface portion of the terminal electrode and a ~~region~~ surface portion of the outer pole shoe are opposed to each other.

19. (Currently Amended) The objective lens according to claim 15, wherein a distance A1 between the lowermost position in the z-direction of the inner pole shoe and the lower end of the beam tube is larger than 9 mm.

20. (Original) The objective lens according to claim 15, wherein the electrostatic field and the magnetic field overlap by less than 5%.

21. (Currently Amended) The objective lens according to claim 15, wherein the beam tube extends through an opening of the outer pole shoe formed by a lowermost region in z-direction of the outer pole shoe and the lower end of the beam tube is disposed spaced apart in the z-direction from the opening of the outer pole shoe.

22. (Original) The objective lens according to claim 21, wherein the lower end of the beam tube comprises an end flange extending radially beyond an outer diameter of the beam tube.

23. (Original) The objective lens according to claim 22, wherein the end flange comprises a transition from a front face to a sheath section, wherein the transition is rounded in an axial cross-section, a radius of curvature of the rounding being more than 1 mm.

24. (Currently Amended) The objective lens according to ~~claim 21~~ claim 15, wherein a distance A2 between the lower end of the beam tube and the lower end of the terminal electrode is larger than 3 mm.

25. (Original) The objective lens according to claim 15, wherein the terminal electrode tapers conically substantially up to a central opening in the terminal electrode.

26. (Original) The objective lens according to claim 25, wherein an inner diameter of the opening of the terminal electrode corresponds substantially to an inner diameter of the beam tube.

27. (Original) The objective lens according to claim 15, wherein the outer pole shoe tapers downwards.

28. (Currently Amended) The objective lens according to claim 15, wherein the said gap spacing of the pole shoe gap is larger than 3 mm.

29. (Original) The objective lens according to claim 15, wherein the inner pole shoe extends upwards as a cylinder sheath from its lower end over approximately 1 mm to 2 mm and is then conically enlarged.

30. (Currently Amended) The objective lens according to claim 15, wherein the inner pole shoe has an inner diameter of from 6 mm to 8 mm at its lower end.

31. (Currently Amended) An objective lens for an electron microscopy system with magnetic and electrostatic focusing for inspecting an object positionable in an object plane, comprising:

a pole shoe arrangement for generating a focusing magnetic field, which pole shoe arrangement is substantially rotationally symmetric about an optical axis of the objective lens extending in a z-direction and comprises an inner pole shoe and an outer pole shoe, wherein a pole shoe gap is formed between the inner and outer

pole shoes at a lowermost position in the z-direction of the inner pole shoe where the latter has shoe, the pole shoe gap including a gap spacing oriented in the z-direction from between the outer pole shoe and the inner pole shoe;

a coil body disposed in a space between the inner and the outer pole shoes; and

an electrode arrangement for generating a focusing electrostatic field, which electrode arrangement is substantially rotationally symmetric about the optical axis and comprises a beam tube which extends along the optical axis through the inner pole shoe and has a lower end, and a terminal electrode disposed spaced apart from the lower end of the beam tube,

wherein a distance A1 between the lowermost position in the z-direction of the inner pole shoe and the lower end of the beam tube is larger than 9 mm, in particular, larger than 10 mm 9 mm.

32. (Currently Amended) The objective lens according to claim 31, wherein the distance A1 between the lowermost position in the z-direction of the inner pole shoe and the lower end of the beam tube is larger than 10 mm.

33. (Original) The objective lens according to claim 31, wherein the electrostatic field and the magnetic field overlap by less than 5%.

34. (Currently Amended) The objective lens according to claim 31, wherein the beam tube extends through an opening of the outer pole shoe formed by a lowermost region in the z-direction of the outer pole shoe and the lower end of the

beam tube is disposed spaced apart in the z-direction from the opening of the outer pole shoe.

35. (Original) The objective lens according to claim 34, wherein the lower end of the beam tube comprises an end flange extending radially beyond an outer diameter of the beam tube.

36. (Original) The objective lens according to claim 35, wherein the end flange comprises a transition from a front face to a sheath section, wherein the transition is rounded in an axial cross-section, a radius of curvature of the rounding being more than 1 mm.

37. (Currently Amended) The objective lens according to ~~claim 34~~ claim 31, wherein a distance A2 between the lower end of the beam tube and ~~the~~ a lower end of the terminal electrode is larger than 3 mm.

38. (Original) The objective lens according to claim 31, wherein the terminal electrode tapers conically substantially up to a central opening in the terminal electrode.

39. (Original) The objective lens according to claim 38, wherein an inner diameter of the opening of the terminal electrode corresponds substantially to an inner diameter of the beam tube.

40. (Original) The objective lens according to claim 31, wherein the inner pole shoe extends upwards as a cylinder sheath from its lower end over approximately 1 mm to 2 mm and is then conically enlarged.

41. (Currently Amended) An examination system for observing and manipulating an object to be examined, comprising:

an electron microscopy system with an objective lens according to claim 1,
~~and an ion beam processing system for manipulating the object by means of~~
with an emitted ion beam, and

an object support for holding and orienting the object in front of the ion beam processing system and the electron microscopy system by means of which a two-dimensionally extended object can be oriented in front of the electron microscopy system and the ion beam processing system such that the ion beam intersects the object surface orthogonally.

42. (Original) The examination system according to claim 41, wherein the object can be oriented in front of the electron microscopy system and the ion beam processing system such that the ion beam intersects the object surface at an angle deviating from the orthogonal up to about 2°.

43. (Currently Amended) An examination system for observing and manipulating an object to be examined, comprising:

an electron microscopy system with an objective lens according to claim 15,

and an ion beam processing system for manipulating the object by means of
with an emitted ion beam, and

an object support for holding and orienting the object in front of the ion beam processing system and the electron microscopy system by means of which a two-dimensionally extended object can be oriented in front of the electron microscopy system and the ion beam processing system such that the ion beam intersects the object surface orthogonally.

44. (Previously Presented) The examination system according to claim 43, wherein the object can be oriented in front of the electron microscopy system and the ion beam processing system such that the ion beam intersects the object surface at an angle deviating from the orthogonal up to about 2°.

45. (Currently Amended) An examination system for observing and manipulating an object to be examined, comprising:

an electron microscopy system with an objective lens according to claim 31,
and an ion beam processing system for manipulating the object by means of
with an emitted ion beam, and

an object support for holding and orienting the object in front of the ion beam processing system and the electron microscopy system by means of which a two-dimensionally extended object can be oriented in front of the electron microscopy system and the ion beam processing system such that the ion beam intersects the object surface orthogonally.

46. (Previously Presented) The examination system according to claim 45, wherein the object can be oriented in front of the electron microscopy system and the ion beam processing system such that the ion beam intersects the object surface at an angle deviating from the orthogonal up to about 2°.

47. (New) The objective lens according to claim 1, wherein the outer pole shoe is delimited on the outside substantially by a cone surface with the cone angle α with respect to the z-direction, wherein the terminal electrode is delimited on the outside substantially by a cone surface with respect to the z-direction, and wherein the terminal electrode is magnetically coupled to the outer pole shoe via a gap therebetween, said gap between the terminal electrode and the outer pole shoe channeling magnetic flux between the terminal electrode and the outer pole shoe and away from the object plane.

48. (New) The objective lens according to claim 15, wherein the gap between the terminal electrode and the outer pole shoe is smaller than 0.2 mm.

49. (New) An objective lens for an electron microscopy system with magnetic and electrostatic focusing for inspecting an object positionable in an object plane, comprising:

a pole shoe arrangement for generating a focusing magnetic field, which pole shoe arrangement is substantially rotationally symmetric about an optical axis of the objective lens extending in a z-direction and comprises an inner pole shoe and an outer pole shoe, wherein a pole shoe gap is formed between the inner and outer

pole shoes at a lowermost position in the z-direction of the inner pole shoe, the pole shoe gap including a gap spacing oriented in the z-direction between the outer pole shoe and the inner pole shoe;

a coil body disposed in a space between the inner and the outer pole shoes; and

an electrode arrangement for generating a focusing electrostatic field, which electrode arrangement is substantially rotationally symmetric about the optical axis and comprises a beam tube which extends along the optical axis through the inner pole shoe and has a lower end, and a terminal electrode disposed spaced apart from the lower end of the beam tube,

wherein the outer pole shoe is delimited on the outside substantially by a cone surface with respect to the z-direction, wherein the terminal electrode is delimited on the outside substantially by a cone surface with respect to the z-direction, and wherein the terminal electrode is magnetically coupled to the outer pole shoe via a gap therebetween, said gap between the terminal electrode and the outer pole shoe channeling magnetic flux between the terminal electrode and the outer pole shoe and away from the object plane.

50. (New) The objective lens according to claim 49, wherein the gap between the terminal electrode and the outer pole shoe is smaller than 0.6 mm.

51. (New) The objective lens according to claim 49, wherein the gap between the terminal electrode and the outer pole shoe is smaller than 0.2 mm.

AMENDMENTS TO THE DRAWINGS:

Please amend Figure 7 to change the horizontal axis labeling from "wd/mm" to "z (mm)". An annotated sheet marked in red showing the correction and a replacement sheet implementing the change are attached hereto.

Attachments:

Replacement sheet,
Annotated sheet marked in red